

A level Mathematics Summer Practice

- 1) a) Simplify as far as possible $(3x - 1) - 2(x - 5)$ (2)
b) Expand $(x - 3)(x^2 + 5x - 2)$ (2)
- 2) Factorise the following expressions
- a) $x^2 + 8x$ (1)
b) $x^2 + 8x + 15$ (2)
c) $x^2 - 3x - 10$ (2)
d) $x^2 - 4y^2$ (1)
e) $6x^2 + 7x + 2$ (2)
- 3) Solve
- a) $4x + 2 = 2x + 12$ (2)
b) $6(x - 1) - 6(1 - 3x) = 36$ (3)
c) $3(3x - 2) - 2(x + 4) = 2x + 1$ (3)
- 4) Solve
- a) Factorise and hence solve $x^2 + 5x + 4 = 0$ (2)
b) Solve by completing the square $x^2 + 4x - 13 = 0$ (2)
c) Use the quadratic formula to solve $x^2 + 5x - 7 = 0$ giving your answers in surd form (3)
d) $2x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$ (3)
- 5) Solve the simultaneous equations
- a) $5x + 3y = 21$ and $2x + y = 8$ (4)
b) $x + xy + 2y^2 = 1$ and $y + x = 3$ (4)
- 6) Expand and simplify
- a) $\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ (1)
b) $(4\sqrt{5} - 1)(3\sqrt{5} - 7)$ (2)
- 7) Rationalise the denominator
- a) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{7}}$ b) $\frac{3}{2\sqrt{5}+3}$ c) $\frac{2\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7} + 1}$ (5)
- 8) Evaluate showing your working
- a) 4^3 b) $4^3 - 4^2$
c) $8^{2/3}$ d) $64^{-1/3}$ (4)